





CA/1, Rotary Sudarshini Building, Nivedithanagar, Mysuru - 22

Ph: 0821-2340256

ANNUAL PEDAGOGICAL PLAN - 2024-25

1. Information about the school

1.1 Basic	
Name of the school	The Acme School
Address	# CA/1, Rotary Sudarshini Building,
	Nivedithanagar, Mysuru - 22
Phone Number	0821-2340256
Website	https://www.theacmeschool.in/
Email Id	theacmeschoolcbse@gmail.com
Name of the Principal	Swetha Chavan S
Email ID	principaltheacmeschool@gmail.com

1.2 Total Number of Students: 286

Boys - 125 Girls - 161

1.3 Class – wise details

Students Strength 2024-25

CLASS	NO OF BOYS	NO OF GIRLS	TOTAL NO. OF STUDENTS
Ī	15	10	25
II	17	11	28
III	18	10	28
IV	14	13	27
<u>v</u>	19	18	37
<u>VI</u>	10	6	16
VII	25	11	36
VIII	17	15	32
IX	8	21	29
X	18	11	29

1.4 Karnataka State Board Results of class X – last three years

YEAR	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Total No. Of	24	27	24
Students			
No. Of Students	24	27	24
appeared			
No. passed	24	26	24
Pass %	100%	98%	100%
Fail	NIL	1	NIL

1.5 Teachers details

S1. No.	Name of the staff	Designation
1)	Swetha Chavan S -Principal	TGT
2)	Nirmala U	PRT
3)	Pramila	PRT
4)	Vasantha Kumari B	PRT
5)	Gowda Jaganath Devaraj	PRT
6)	Divya Shree B S	PRT
7)	Premalatha M	PRT
8)	Geetha S	PRT
9)	Rukmini C H	TGT
10)	Roopa S	TGT
11)	Manasa H N	TGT
12)	K N Bhuvana	TGT
13)	Roopashree Srinivas	TGT
14)	Darshan	TGT
15)	Shilpa S	TGT
16)	Rakesh S	TGT
17)	Parameshwara P	Lib
18)	Shalini D N	Manager
19)	Sridevi C B	Administrator
20)	Pushpa R	Front Office Assistant
21)	Roopa K	Art and Craft
22)	Madhu S	Councellor and Spl. Educator
23)	Kavya R	Wellness
24)	Ranjitha	Lab Assistant

2. Vision and Mission of the school

2.1 Vision

To inspire young minds to cultivate independent thinking, ignite a passion for their aspirations, foster creativity, and uphold a commitment to excellence. Our vision is to nurture confident, compassionate, and cheerful individuals with ethical principles and impeccable etiquette, ensuring they emerge as empowered contributors to a thriving global community.

2.2 Mission

Our mission is to cultivate a holistic approach to learning, transcending the boundaries of the classroom. We aim to empower teachers to mentor students towards becoming confident, well-rounded individuals equipped with excellent communication skills and a passion for their pursuits, fostering a lifelong love for learning both inside and outside traditional educational settings.

3. Preparation of the Annual Plan.

The responsibility for pedagogical plan in the school is undertaken by the Principal and the Vice-Principal for the academic year 2024-25.

Head

- i) Principal
- ii) Vice-Principal

Members

- i) Primary teachers
- ii) Middle school teachers
- iii) Secondary school teachers
- iv) School counsellor

A series of meetings held from June 2023 to May 2024 in order to:-

- a) Progress of the previous year and identifying the shortfall and planning for the next year.
- b) To define of the objectives for the new/fresh year in the particular area of the academics, extracurricular, Co-scholastic fields.
- c) For the improvement where required in the assessment, teaching learning guidance and counselling support.

4. Goals to be achieved -

- a) Creating opportunities for the students to meet their present and future needs. This includes Robotics, Embibe, Brain O' Thon, Extramarks.
- b) To begin with life skills for class VI to VIII, we introduce Lions Quest 'Skills for Adolescence'.
- c) To motivate our school district players to take part in the upcoming sports conducted by the education department and thus, to get selected for State and National level.
- d) To develop Handwriting skills we provide Handwriting course from the experts from class 1 onwards.

CLASS/ SUBJECT	ENG	KAN	HIN	MATH & LAB	EVS &	СОМР	GK	VE	LIB/ craft	PT & YOGA	MUSIC/ART /KARATE	тот
					LAB					DANCE		
I TO II	6	6	4	6+1	4+1	2	2	1	2	2+2+1	1+2+1	44

5. PERIOD WISE SUBJECT ALLOCATION

CLASS/	ENG	KAN	HIN	MATH	SCI	СОМР	GK	VE	LIB/	PT &	MUS	тот
SUBJECT					85				craft	YOG	IC/A	
					LAB					Α	RT/	
										DAN	KAR	
										CE	ATE	
III TO IV	6	6	4	5+1	5+1	2	2	1	2	2+2	1+2	44
										+1	+1	

CLASS/ SUBJECT	ENG	KA N	HIN	MATH	SCI & LAB	СОМР	GK	VE	LIB/ craft	PT & YOGA DANC	MUSIC/A RT/KARA TE	TOT AL
										Е		
V	6	6	4	5+1	6+1	2	2	1	2	2+2+	1+1+1	44
										1		

CLASS/	ENG	KA	ні	МАТ	SCI	SST	сом	GK	VE	LIB	PT &	DANCE/A	тот
SUBJECT		N	N	н	රී		Р				YOGA	RT/KAR	AL
					LA							ATE	
					в								

VI	6	6	4	5+1	5+	5	2	1	1	1	2+1	1+1+1	44
					1								

CLASS/ SUBJECT	EN G	KAN	HI N	MATH	SCI & LAB	SST	COM P	GK +VE	LIB	PT & YOG A	DANCE /ART/ KARAT	TOT AL
VII TO VIII	6	6	5	5+1	5+1	6	2	1	1	2+1	E 1+1+1	44

CLASS/ SUBJECT	ENG	KAN	HIN	MATH	SCI &	SST	СОМР	LIB	РТ	ART / MUSIC	TOT AL
					LAB						
IXTO X	6	6	6	6	6+1	6	2	1	2	1+1	44

6. CLASS WISE TIMETABLE 2024-25

I STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	MATH	ENG	EVS	KAN	PT	HINDI	YOGA	GK
TUE	MATH	ENG	EVS	KAN	LIB	HINDI	YOGA	GK
WED	MATH	ENG	EVS	KAN	ART	HINDI	KARATE	VE
THUR	MATH	ENG	EVS	KAN	PT	HINDI	SOCIAL	COMP
FRI	MATH	ENG	EVS LAB	KAN	CRAFT	COMP	MUSIC	DANCE
SAT	MATH	ENG	MATHLAB	KAN				

II STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	ENG	MATH	KANNADA	EVS	HINDI	PT	YOGA	GK
TUE	ENG	MATH	KANNADA	EVS	HINDI	LIB	YOGA	GK
WED	ENG	MATH	KANNADA	EVS	HINDI	ART	KARATE	VE
THUR	ENG	MATH	KANNADA	EVS	HINDI	РТ	KARATE	MUSIC
FRI	ENG	MATH	KANNADA	EVS LAB	COMP	CRAFT	COMP	DANCE
SAT	ENG	MATH	KANNADA	MATH LAB				

III STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	EVS	HINDI	СОМР	ENG	KANNADA	MATH	YOGA	GK
TUE	EVS	HINDI	LIB	ENG	KANNADA	MATH	YOGA	GK
WED	EVS	HINDI	ART	ENG	KANNADA	MATH	KARATE	VE
THUR	EVS	HINDI	MUSIC	ENG	KANNADA	MATH	KARATE	PT
FRI	EVS	СОМР	CRAFT	ENG	KANNADA	MATH LAB	PT	DANCE
SAT	EVS LAB	MATH	KANNADA	ENG				

IV STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	MATH	EVS	ENG	COMP	KANNADA	HIN	GK	YOGA
TUE	MATH	EVS	ENG	LIB	KANNADA	HIN	GK	YOGA
WED	MATH	EVSLAB	ENG	ART	KANNADA	PT	VE	KARATE
THUR	MATH	EVS	ENG	MUSIC	KANNADA	HIN	PT	KARATE
FRI	MATHLAB	EVS	ENG	CRAFT	KANNADA	DANCE	EVS	HINDI
SAT	MATH	СОМР	ENG	KANNADA				

V STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	KANNADA	HIN	MATH	EVS	ENG	EVS	PT	YOGA
TUE	KANNADA	HIN	MATHLAB	ART	ENG	EVS	CRAFT	YOGA
WED	KANNADA	HIN	MATH	LIB	ENG	EVSLAB	VE	DANCE
THUR	KANNADA	HIN	MATH	GK	ENG	EVS	MUSIC	KARATE
FRI	KANNADA	COMP	MATH	GK	ENG	EVS	СОМР	HINDI
SAT	KANNADA	EVS	MATH	ENG				

VI STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	MATH	ENG	KANNADA	SCI	HIN	SOCIAL	DANCE	SOCIAL
TUE	MATHLAB	ENG	KANNADA	SCI	COMP	GK	SOCIAL	YOGA
WED	MATH	ENG	KANNADA	SCI	HIN	SCI	VE	KARATE
						LAB		
THUR	MATH	ENG	KANNADA	SCI	HIN	PT	COMP	SOCIAL
FRI	MATH	ENG	KANNADA	SCI	HIN	LIB	ART	РТ
SAT	MATH	ENG	KANNADA	SOCIAL				

VII STD

DAY S	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	ENG	MATH LAB	SCIENCE	KANNADA	SOCIAL	PT	HIN	ART
TUE	ENG	MATH	SCIENCE	KANNADA	HIN	SOCIA L	COMP	YOGA
WED	ENG	MATH	SOCIAL	KANNADA	PT	SOCIA L	HIN	SOCIAL
THU R	ENG	MATH	SCIENCE	KANNADA	GK / VE	KARAT E	HIN	DANCE
FRI	ENG	MATH	SCIENCE	KANNADA	SOCIAL	LIB	HIN	SCIENC E
SAT	ENG	MATH	SCIENCE LAB	KANNADA				

VIII STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	MATH	KANNADA	SCIENCE	SOCIAL	PT	ENG	MATH	SOCI AL
TUE	MATH	KANNADA	SCIENCE	HINDI	HINDI	ENG	LIB	YOG A
WED	MATH	KANNADA	SCIENCE	HINDI	SOCIAL	ENG	KARA TE	SOCI AL
THUR	MATH	KANNADA	SCIENCE	HINDI	GK /VE	ENG	HINDI	DAN CE
FRI	MATH LAB	KANNADA	SCIENCE	SOCIAL	SCIENC E LAB	ENG	ART	COM P
SAT	SOCIA L	KANNADA	РТ	ENG				

IX STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	SOCIAL	HINDI	ENG	BIO	KANNADA	MATH	РНҮ	PT
TUE	SOCIAL	HINDI	ENG	BIO	KANNADA	MATH	LIB	MATH LAB
WED	SOCIAL	HINDI	ENG	CHEM	KANNADA	MATH	COMP	SCI LAB
THUR	SOCIAL	HINDI	ENG	CHEM	KANNADA	MATH	KANNADA	DANCE
FRI	SOCIAL	HINDI	ENG	РНҮ	KANNADA	MATH	ART	COMP
SAT	SOCIAL	HINDI	ENG	PT				

X STD

DAYS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MON	KANNADA	BIO	MATH	ENG	РНҮ	SOCIAL	PT	ART
TUE	KANNADA	BIO	MATH	ENG	HINDI	PT	HINDI	SOCIAL
WED	KANNADA	CHEM	MATH	ENG	HINDI	LIB	COMP	SCI LAB
THUR	KANNADA	CHEM	MATH	ENG	HINDI	SOCIAL	HINDI	DANCE
FRI	KANNADA	РНҮ	MATH	ENG	HINDI	SOCIAL	ENG	SOCIAL
SAT	KANNADA	SOCIAL	MATH	COMP				

7. PEDAGOGICAL SOLUTIONS 7.1. CLASS I AND II

SUBJECT	TEACHING TECHNIQUES	LEARNING OUTCOMES
LANGUAGES	Story telling, vocabulary	Able to learn proper
	development, listening,	pronunciation & to
	speaking ,reading and	write correct spellings.
	creative writing skills. To	To create their own
	show flash cards, grammar	story looking at the
	like nouns, plurals, drawing	given picture.
	is also inculcated in the	Group activity will bring
	assignment, about them	enthusiasm, active
	self, recitation with action,	participation,
	identifying the letters,	motivation and builds
	rhyming words, word	creative thinking etc
	building, interaction with	Able to read aloud with
	dialogues, phonetics,	appropriate

		pronunciation and expression.
MATH	Identifying the numbers & shapes, number names, addition, subtraction multiplication & division. Money and time, measurement, even and odd, visual concept, flash cards,	Name the various solid shapes, Identifying the concept of am & pm. Able to analyse addition, subtraction, multiplication and division with the help of objects and fruits.
EVS	Animals, plants, Human body parts, festivals, neighbourhood, good habits, sapling and gardening, Magical words, neatness of surroundings, discipline, visual aid,	Able to know the surviving skills. Identification of animals, unity in diversity, Identify the uses of water. Relate the sources of light, how to save our mother earth, name of the seasons.

CLASS III AND IV

SUBJECT	TEACHING TECHNIQUES	LEARNING OUTCOMES
LANGUAGES	Story telling, vocabulary	Able to learn proper
	development, listening,	pronunciation & to write
	speaking ,reading and	correct spellings.
	creative writing skills. To	To create their own story
	show flash cards,	looking at the given
	grammar like nouns,	picture.
	plurals, antonyms,	Group activity will bring
	synonyms, gender,	enthusiasm, active
	compound words, reading	participation, motivation
	comprehension, proverbs,	and builds creative
	punctuations, framing	thinking etc
	own sentences,	Able to read aloud with
	homophones, numbers,	appropriate
	translation of language,	pronunciation and
	dramatization, The gland	expression.
	floats, to know about	Able to recite the poem
	poets and their	with correct
	introduction, stressed	pronunciation and
	letters, matrayen,	expressions with rhyming
	kagunitha (compound	words.
	consonant) drawing is	To construct meaningful
	also inculcated in the	questions and to give live
	assignment, about them	example,
	sell, recitation with action,	Modity and enact their
	identifying the letters,	role with dialogue with a
	rhyming words, word	different climax of the

	building, interaction with dialogues, identification of month, days, seasons, colours & time in Hindi.	stories with the guidance of the teacher. Spell and write the words using their phonetic knowledge, short sentences and answers correctly following the rules of capitalisation with correct use of simple punctuation marks like full stop, comma, exclamation and question mark.
MATH	Reading calendar, clock, observing patterns, recording data, interpreting pictographs, using geometrical instruments, using vocabulary learnt through math concept in English like quarter to, half past, fraction terms, addition, subtraction multiplication & division. Money and time, measurement, even and odd, visual concept, flash cards,	Name the various solid shapes, Identifying the concept of am & pm. Able to analyse addition, subtraction, multiplication and division with the help of objects and fruits. Able differentiate the whole part and fraction part. Able to represent the data along with pictograph. Able to do the place value of the digits, Able to construct the larger number and smaller number, Identification of solid shapes in 2D & 3D
EVS	Animals, plants, Human body parts, festivals, neighbourhood, good habits, sapling and gardening, Magical words, neatness of surroundings, discipline, visual aid,	Able to know the surviving skills. Identification of animals, unity in diversity, Identify the uses of water. Relate the sources of light, how to save our

waste segregation	mother earth, name of
utilization of waste	the seasons,
awareness drives and	Identifying the seasons
activities, reading posters,	according to the month.
loud reading, collecting	Analysing of seasonal
the picture of police	clothes, cultural diversity
station, hospital, post	in food, clothes etc
office, school, bank etc	identifying the types of
in the assignment.	feathers, birds and
Seasons identification.	animals, acquire
Types of leaves, types of	awareness about
feathers & birds, eating	weather, water, plants,
habits of animals,	animals, food, shelter
seasonal clothes, state	etc
wise clothes, food habits,	
crops and weather.	

CLASS VI AND VII

SUBICT	TEACHING	LEADNING OUTCOMES
SUBJECT	TECHNIQUES	LEARNING OUTCOMES
	TECHNIQUES	
LANGUAGES	Storytelling	understand the significance
	Class Discussion	of content.
	Visual Aids	Students will identify
	Timeline Creation	different types topic.
	Group Activity	Students will develop
	Map Work	teamwork and presentation
	Project Work	skills
	Reading Aloud	Students will recognize the
	Debate	geographical extent
	Comparison Chart	students will understand
	Essay Writing:	the concept
	8	Students will learn about
		the philosophical ideas
		Improve reading fluency and
		evpression
		Understand the theme of
		inspiration in art
		Inspiration in art.
		miprove memorization and
		Enhance
		Enhance creative
		Visualization abilities
		Develop confidence and
		presentation skills
		Develop creativity and
		design skills.
		1 200
MATH	Indian system and	*They can easily
	international system .	differentiate between Indian
	* To teach predecessor,	and international system.
	successor and	*They can differentiate
	formation of larger	between predecessor and
	number and smaller	successor
	number using given	
	digits.	

	* Addition. subtraction.	*They can construct larger
	multiplication and	number and smaller
	division	number using given digits.
	* Bodmass rule	*They know to solve addition
	* Divisibility test rules	subtraction multiplication
	* Factors and multiples	division
	* Erection and desimples.	*Thou can use DODMASS
	* Mooguromont	techniculas to simplify the
		rechingues to simplify the
	* Time a	* There are acciler come to
	* O mature et in a Cainela	" They call easily come to
	[*] Construction of circle.	know the difference between
	^ Algebra	iractors and multiples.
	* Ratios and	*They will come to know the
	proportions	importance of divisibility
	* Patterns	test rules
	* Bar graphs.	*They come to know
		definition point and
		different types of lines and
		their construction
		* Conversion of money to
		rupees and vice versa.
		*They learn to construct a
		equation by using variable
		and constants
		*They come to know the
		difference between the
		comparison of the number
		and their ratios
		*They can easily construct
		the circle and can easily
		solve problem on it they will
		also learn the importance of
		formulas to solve problem.
		* Perimeter and area of a
		square and rectangle
		problems can be easily
		solved
		*They can easily understand
		the patterns to solve the
		problem on it
		*They can know to construct
		lines of symmetry for a given
		number
		*They can represent given
		data in har granh
SCIENCE	activities in the class	1)Identifies materials and
SCIENCE	evneriments conducted	organisme such as plant
	by teacher in the	fibres flowers on the basis
	science lab surveys	of observable features is
	Collection of samples	annearance texture
	Concentration of samples,	appearance, texture,
	discussions with pass	1011CU011, al 0111a, etc.
	and too have accurate	2) unicientiates inaterials
	and teachers, surveys,	and organisms, such as,
		nore and yarn; tap and
		indrous roots; electrical

organisation of data	conductors and insulators.
and their display	on the basis of their
through exhibitions	properties structure and
	functions
	3) classifies materials
	organisms and processes
	based on observable
	proportion of motoriols of
	properties, e.g., materials as
	soluble, insoluble,
	transparent, translucent
	and opaque; changes as can
	be reversed and cannot be
	reversed; plants as herbs,
	shrubs, trees, creeper,
	climbers; components of
	habitat as biotic and abiotic;
	motion as rectilinear,
	circular, periodic
	4) conducts simple
	investigations to seek
	answers to queries ,e.g.,
	What are the food nutrients
	present in animal fodder?
	Can all physical changes be
	reversed? Does a freely
	suspended magnet align in
	a particular direction?
	elates processes and
	phenomenon with causes,
	e.g., deficiency diseases
	with diet; adaptations of
	animals and plants with
	their habitats; quality of air
	with pollutants, etc.
	explains processes and
	phenomenon, e.g.,
	processing of plant fibres;
	movements in plants and
	animals; formation of
	shadows; reflection of light
	from plane mirror;
	variations in composition of
	air; preparation of
	vermicompost, etc.
	measures physical
	quantities and expresses in
	SI units, e.g., length
	draws labelled diagrams /
	flow charts of organisms
	and processes, e.g., parts of
	flowers; joints; filtration;
	water cycle, etc.
	5) constructs models using
	materials from
	surroundings and explains

		their working, e.g., pinhole
		torch etc
		applies learning of scientific
		concepts in day - to - day
		life e.g. selecting food items
		for a balanced dist
		Ioi a Dalaliced diet,
		separating materials,
		fabrical Maine
		labrics; Using compass
		needle for finding directions;
		suggesting ways to cope
		with neavy rain/ drought,
		etc.
		6) makes efforts to protect
		environment, e.g.,
		minimising wastage of food,
		water, electricity and
		generation of waste;
		spreading awareness to
		adopt rain water harvesting;
		care for plants, etc.
SOCIAL	To provide knowledge	1. understanding
SCIENCE	about natural and	analytically various
	social environments,	phenomena in immediate
	how humans fulfill	social environment.
	needs, and to develop	2. introduced to the
	qualities like critical	diversity of people and their
	thinking in students.	practices in different
	Stimulation	societies, regions and
	project, questions and	cultures within societies.
	answer, field-trips,	3. generating sensitivity
	Δ discussion,	towards human values of
	problem-solving,	compassion, trust, peace,
	dramatization, home	cooperation, social justice,
	assignment and	environmental protection
	construction methods.	and other concerns.4. It
		develops with one's own
		social environment-self,
		family, social environment
		and its interaction with
		various geographical,
		historical, social, economic,
		and political factors.
		5.Familiarizing the learner
		with the dynamics in the
		evolution process is
		necessary so that she/he
		develops sufficient
		awareness to understand
		disciplinary values of these
		interlinked disciplines
		independently.

CLASS V AND VIII

LANGUAGES	1. Communicative	1.Communicative
	language teaching	language teaching It aims
	2.Task-based	to put students in a variety
	language teaching	of real-life situations, so
	3.Content and	that they can learn how to
	language	use their language skills to
	integrated learning	communicate in the real
	4 Cooperative	world Interactive and
	Language Learning	relevant classroom
	5 The Direct	activities characterise this
	Mothod	approach along with the
	6 Crommor	approach along with the
	Translation	use of authentic source
		materials. Teachers are
	7. Audio lingualism	encouraged to provide the
	8. Total Physical	students with as much
	Response	opportunity to give and
		receive meaningful
		communication as
		possible. The use of
		personal experience is also
		common in CLT
		classrooms.
		2.Task-based language
		teaching Learners use the
		language skills that they
		already have to complete
		the task and work through
		three distinct phases – a
		pre-task, the task itself
		and post-task review. In
		order to complete it, they
		will need to read / listen to
		source material, conduct
		internet research, as well
		as writing and delivering
		the presentation itself.
		3.Content and language
		integrated learning (CLIL)
		The language teaching is
		organized around the
		demands of the first
		subject rather than that of
		the target language So it's
		critically important to
		make sure that the
		integration is clear and
		that students are engaged
		Having said that the CLU
		approach does create
		significant opportunities
		for cross-curricular
		working; it opens up

language learning to a
wider context and can be
used to re-engage
previously demotivated
students
4 Cooperative Language
Learning part of a wider
toophing opproach lynown
Colloborativo or
as Collaborative of
Learning (GLL) CLL seels
Learning (CLL). CLL seeks
to make the maximum use
of cooperative activities
involving pairs and small
groups of learners in the
classroom. As such, it is a
student-centered, rather
than a teacher-centered,
approach to language
teaching.
In the CLL classroom, all of
the language learning
activities are deliberately
designed to maximise
opportunities for social
interactions. Students
should accomplish tasks
by interacting between
themselves and talking /
working together. The
teacher's role is to act as a
facilitator of and a
participant in the learning
tasks
5. The Direct Method
students work out key
grammar concepts by
practicing the language
and by building up their
exposure to it. Standard
classroom techniques for
this approach include
Q+As, conversation,
reading aloud, writing and
student self-correction.
6. Grammar-Translation
This is a very traditional
teaching approach which
prioritises translation from
the students' mother
tongue into the target
language and vice versa.
To succeed in this
approach, students need
to memorize long lists of

		vocabulary and detailed
		grammar formats and
		rules.
		7. Audiolingualism
		Audiolingualism was
		developed in response to
		some of the problems
		associated with Grammar-
		Translation As a result
		classes are usually held in
		the target language as this
		approach deliberately
		seeks to prioritise
		speaking and listening
		speaking and instering
МАТН	*To teach	*They can easily
	10 teach	differentiate between
	predecessor,	Indian and international
	formation of larger	
	iormation or larger	System.
	number and	hotmoor medacoosen and
	smaller number	between predecessor and
	using given digits.	SUCCESSOF
	"Addition,	"They can construct larger
	subtraction,	number and smaller
	multiplication and	number using given digits.
		^ They know to solve
	* Bodmass rule	addition subtraction
	* Factors and	multiplication division.
	multiples.	*They can use BODMASS
	* Fraction and	techniques to simplify the
	decimals	problems
	* Measurement	*They can easily come to
	* . Money	know the difference
	* Time	between fractors and
	* Patterns	multiples.
	* Bar graphs.	"They come to know
		definition point and
		different types of lines and
		their construction
		*Conversion of money to
		rupees and vice versa.
		*They can easily
		understand the patterns to
		solve the problem on it.
		*They can know to
		construct lines of
		symmetry for a given
		number.
		*They can represent given
		data in bar graph.
SCIENCE	activities in the	identifies materials and
	class, experiments	organisms, such as,
	conducted by	animal fibres; types of
	teacher in the	teeth; mirrors & lenses, on
	science lab,	the basis of observable

surveys, Collection	features, i.e., appearance,
of samples,	texture, functions, etc.
Group activities,	*differentiates materials
discussions with	and organisms such as,
peers and teachers.	digestion in different
surveys.	organisms: unisexual and
organisation of	bisexual flowers:
data and their	conductors and insulators
display through	of heat: acidic basic and
exhibitions	neutral substances:
	images formed by mirrors
	and lenses etc. on the
	hasis of their properties
	structure and function
	* classifies materials and
	organisms based on
	proportion (characteristics
	properties/characteristics,
	e.g., plant and animal
	nores; physical and
	chemical changes
	conducts simple
	investigations to seek
	answers to queries ,e.g.,
	Can extract of coloured
	flowers be used as acid -
	base indicator? Do leaves
	other than green also carry
	out photosynthesis? Is
	white light composed of
	many colours?
	relates processes and
	phenomena with causes,
	e.g., wind speed with air
	pressure; crops grown
	with types of soil ;
	depletion of water table
	with human activities, etc.
	*explains processes and
	phenomena , e.g.,
	processing of animal
	fibres; modes of transfer of
	heat; organs and systems
	in human and plants ;
	heating and magnetic
	effects of electric current,
	etc.
	*writes word equation for
	chemical reactions, e.g.,
	acid - base reactions :
	corrosion; photosynthesis:
	respiration. etc.
	measures and calculates
	e.g., temperature nulse
	roto: anod of moving

			objects; time period of a simple pendulum, etc. *draws labelled diagrams/ flow charts e.g., organ systems in human and plants; electric circuits; experimental set ups; life cycle of silk moth, etc. *plots and interprets graphs e.g., distance-time graph constructs models using materials from surroundings and explains their working ,e.g., stethoscope; anemometer; electromagnets; Newton's colour disc ,etc. *discusses and appreciates stories of scientific discoveries applies learning of scientific concepts in day- to-day life, e.g. dealing with acidity; testing and treating soil; taking measures to prevent corrosion; cultivation by vegetative propagation; connecting two or more electric cells in proper order in devices; taking measures during and after disasters; *suggests methods for treatment of polluted water for reuse, etc. makes efforts to protect environment, e.g., following good practices for sanitation at public places; minimising generation of pollutants; planting trees to avoid soil erosion; sensitising others with the consequences of excessive consumption of natural resources, etc. exhibits creativity in designing, planning,
			designing, planning,
			making use of available
			resources, etc.
SOCIAL SCIENCE	То	provida	Analyses the issues related
SOCIAL SCIENCE	knowledge	about	to caste, women, widow

natural and social	remarriage, child
environments, how	marriage, social reforms
humans fulfill	and the laws and policies
needs, and to	of colonial administration
develop qualities	towards these issues.
like critical	•Outlines major
thinking in	developments that
students. inquiry	occurred during the
project,	modern period in the field
Δ dramatizations,	of arts.
questions and	•Outlines the course of the
answer,	Indian national movement
field-trips,	from the 1870s till
discussion,	Independence.
stimulation	•Analyses the significant
project, questions	developments in the
and answer,	process of nation building.
field-trips,	•Interprets social and
∆discussion,	political issues in one's
problem-solving,	own region with reference
dramatization,	to the Constitution of
home assignment	India.
and	•Illustrates the
construction	Fundamental Rights and
methods.	the Fundamental Duties
	with appropriate
	examples.
	•Applies the knowledge of
	the Fundamental Rights to
	find out about their
	violation, protection and
	promotion in a given
	situation (e.g. Child
	Rights).
	•Differentiates between
	State government and
	Union government.

CLASS IX AND X

LANGUAGES	Telling about great	1 India's great
	people in the class	personality
	about like :- Swami	knowledgeable about
	Vivekananda,	them.
	Ambedka =	2.You can learn about
	information	grammar.
	* Factors like making	3.you Will know the
	charts, motivational	subject clearly and will
	Traffic Signal	understand.
	therapy,	4. Increase Vocabulary
	environment first	5.Will learn about the
	*Atakshari Making	poet
	new words from the	6.Introduction to the
	last up 4- of the word	word.(Will use a
		dictionary)

	*To Introduce a poet or a writer using a	7We hope you will understand the
	dictionary	meaning of the poem.
	meaning of the poem	about punctuation
	*Use of library [telling	marks.
	Reading text poem	essay after getting
	keeping punctuation	information about the
	in mind along with	given topic. *Will understand the
	descending lines.	method of writing
	Essay Composition	letters and accounts.
	know about Main	festivals
	Festival celebrated in	
MATH	our country. Oral/ mental work .	Understand and apply
	drill work, home	concept related to
	assignments, group	variables, expressions,
	storming, fun	Use arithmetic &
	activity, lab	algebra to solve real
	activities, puzzle and	life problems & pose
	problem solving,	Develop aesthetic
	graphical method	sense by discovering
	and construction method.	symmetries in snapes like Triangles, circles
		quadrilaterals.
SCIENCE	activities in the class,	designs models using
	conducted by	such as, 3D model of a
	students in the	cell, water purification
	science lab,	system, stethoscope,
	activities,	exhibits values of
	discussions with	honesty, objectivity,
	peers and teachers, surveys.	freedom from myths.
	organisation of data	superstitious beliefs
	and their display	while taking decisions,
	through exhibitions.	such as, records and
		reports experimental
		data exactly, myth that
		diseases are spread by
		casual physical
		contact, belief that
		importantfor
		prevention of diseases,
1		etc.

		communicates the
		findings and
		conclusions effectively,
		such as, those derived
		from experiments.
		activities and projects
		both in oral and
		written form using
		appropriate figures
		toblog groups and
		digital forma ata
		digital lornis, etc.
		applies the
		interdependency and
		interrelationship in the
		biotic and abiotic
		factors of environment
		to promote
		conservation of
		environment, such
		organic farming, waste
		management, etc.
SOCIAL SCIENCE	It includes subjects	•Explains how the
	like history,	English East India
	geography, political	Company became the
	science, economics,	most dominant power.
	archaeology,	•Explains the
	anthropology,	differences in the
	psychology, and law.	impact of colonial
	The objectives of	agrarian policies in
	teaching social	different regions of the
	science are to provide	country like the 'indigo
	knowledge about	rebellion'.
	natural and social	•Describes the forms
	environments, how	of different tribal
	humans fulfill needs,	societies in the 19th
	and to develop	century and their
	qualities like critical	relationship with the
	thinking in students.	environment.
		•Explains the
		policies of the colonial
		administration
		towards the tribal
		communities.
		•Explains the origin.
		nature and spread of
		the revolt of 1857 and
		the lessons learned
		from it.
		•Analyses the decline
		of pre - existing urban
		centres and handicraft
		industries and the
		development of new
		urban centres and
		industries in India
		maasanco mi mula

during the colonial
period.
•Explains the
institutionalisation of
the new education
system in India.
•Analyses the issues
related to caste.
women. widow
remarriage, child
marriage, social
reforms and the laws
and policies of colonial
administration
towards these issues
•Outlines major
developments that
occurred during the
modern period in the
field of arts
•Outlines the course of
the Indian national
movement from the
1870s till
Independence
•Analyses the
significant
developments in the
process of nation
building.
•Interprets social and
political issues in one's
own region with
reference to the
Constitution of India.
•Illustrates the
Fundamental Rights
and the Fundamental
Duties with
appropriate examples.
•Applies the
knowledge of the
Fundamental Rights to
find out about their
violation, protection
and promotion in a
given situation (e.g.
Child Rights).
•Differentiates
between State
government and Union
government.

8. ASSESSMENT TOOLS

We follow a system of continuous multi-disciplinary assessment, which could be formal or informal. We also follow a differentiated system of assessment to cater to the varied needs of children.

The child seeking entry into The Acme is evaluated on his/her skills and abilities in order to determine the level in comparison to the expectation of the class into which admission is sought. This helps the teacher to modulate the classroom transaction in order to meet the child's needs.

With the firm belief that education touches the mind as well as the being and each influences the other, information regarding each student is collected, taking into account their ability to apply knowledge, their learning process and how they conduct themselves in different situations. These findings form the basis of a continuous feedback process to the student and parents. A systematic follow up programme is built around these evaluations, be it on the academic, co-scholastic or value/attitudinal front.

Formative assessments are marked on varied tasks within a class, homework, class work, projects, presentations- each of which lends to assessment, projecting a different aspect of the child's learning. We follow the Karnataka State Board pattern of cycle reviews, one formative assessments in each term and a summative assessment at the end of every term (September SA1 and March SA2). A brief description of the portions covered and marking scheme is as follows

Curriculum for class I TO VII

- > English
- > KANNADA
- > HINDI
- > MATH
- ➢ SCIENCE / EVS
- > SOCIAL SCIENCE
- ➢ COMPUTERS

FA – 1 JULY	FA – 2 AUGUST	SA – 1 SEPTEMBER	FA – 3 JANUARY	FA – 4 FEBRUARY	SA – 2 MARCH
20 + 30 = 50	20 + 30 = 50	40 + 10 =50	20 + 30 = 50	20 + 30 = 50	40 + 10 = 50

Curriculum for class VIII TO X

> KANNADA

- > ENGLISH
- > HINDI
- > MATH

- ➢ SCIENCE
- ➢ SOCIAL SCIENCE
- > COMPUTERS

FA – 1 JULY	FA – 2 AUGUST	SA – 1 SEPTEMBER	FA – 3 JANUARY	FA – 4 FEBRUARY	SA – 2 MARCH
20 + 30 = 50	20 + 30 = 50	80 + 20 =100	20 + 30 = 50	20 + 30 = 50	80 + 20=100

Note: Karnataka State Board has published a comprehensive curriculum for class V, VIII, IX and X which carries the details of syllabus, time to be devoted to teaching units of syllabus, question paper design as well as details of projects/practicals to be conducted. To implement and execute the pedagogical plan the teachers have been advice and trained to acquire a thorough understanding of the following:-

- Curriculum published by KSEAB
- Blooms Taxonomy
- > How to write measurable objectives and learning outcomes
- > Question paper pattern given by the state government.

8. Measures for well being of pupils

- Medical check-up and Health camps will be organised every years in the school campus.
- > Health camps is also organised for parents as well as public.
- Resource persons are invited to teach and guide students upon good and bad touch.
- Interact club students will be taken to the nearby village to interact on cleanliness and how important it is to have washrooms in each house.
- Swach Bharath Abhiyan Students will clean the surrounding of the campus and they themselves will maintain the cleanliness.
- We educate students on value Education from class I TO X ask them to speak on any one of the related topics in the assembly.
- > Counsellor will be counselling the students who will be in need.
- A session will be conducted every month for the high school students on the specific topics on related to the well being of the students.

10. Identification by the teachers, referral to the counsellor and procurement of parents consent.

Teachers are trained by internal and external resource personnel for this purpose. Such sessions will be periodically held to update the knowledge of the students.